

**REMARK ON THE COEFFICIENTS OF THE  
NATURAL ITERATES OF A FORMAL  
POWER SERIES IN ONE INDETERMINATE**

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Let  $\hat{F}(x) = C_1x + C_2x^2 + \dots$  be a formal series with coefficients  $(C_\nu)_{\nu \geq 1}$  which are independent indeterminates over  $\mathbb{C}$  (the “general” series over  $\mathbb{C}$ ). Denote by  $\hat{F}^m$  the  $m$ th iterate of  $\hat{F}$  ( $m \in \mathbb{N}$ ,  $m \geq 2$ ),  $\hat{F}^m(x) = \sum_{\nu \geq 1} C_\nu^{[m]} x^\nu$ . Then  $C_\nu^{[m]}$  is a polynomial over  $\mathbb{Z}$  in  $C_1, \dots, C_\nu$ . Let  $j \geq 1$ ,  $2 \leq \mu \leq m$  be integers. Then the following polynomial identities hold.

**Theorem 1.** Let  $Z_m(C_1)$  be the  $m$ th cyclotomic polynomial,  $(m, j, \mu)$  as above. Then there exist integers  $\alpha_0, \alpha_1, \dots, \alpha_j \geq 0$  and polynomials  $\Phi_{(m,j,\mu)}^{(v_1, \dots, v_j)}$  over  $\mathbb{Z}$  in  $C_k$ ,  $1 \leq k \leq jm$ ,  $k \not\equiv 1 \pmod{m}$  for  $k > 1$ , and a polynomial  $\tilde{\Phi}_{(m,j,\mu)}^{(0, \dots, 0)}$  over  $\mathbb{Z}$  in  $C_k$ ,  $1 \leq k \leq jm + \mu$ ,  $k \not\equiv 1 \pmod{m}$  for  $k > 1$ , such that

$$\begin{aligned} & (C_1^{m-1})^{\alpha_0} (1 + C_1^m + \dots + C_1^{(m-1)m})^{\alpha_1} \dots (1 + C^{jm} + \dots + C_1^{(m-1)jm})^{\alpha_j} \cdot C_{jm+\mu}^{[m]} \\ &= \sum_{v_1 + \dots + v_j \geq 1} \Phi_{(m,j,\mu)}^{(v_1, \dots, v_j)} \cdot (C_{m+1}^{[m]})^{v_1} \dots (C_{jm+1}^{[m]})^{v_j} + Z_m(C_1) \cdot \tilde{\Phi}_{(m,j,\mu)}^{(0, \dots, 0)} \end{aligned}$$

**Corollary 1.** If  $C_1$  is specialized to a primitive root  $\rho$  of unity of order  $m$  (i.e.  $Z_m(\rho) = 0$ ) then we obtain an identity in  $C_2, \dots, C_{jm+\mu}$  over  $\mathbb{Z}[\rho, 1/m]$ , namely, if we write  $\tilde{C}_l^{[m]} = C_l^{[m]}(\rho, C_2, \dots, C_l)$ :

$$\tilde{C}_{jm+\mu}^{[m]} = \sum_{v_1 + \dots + v_j \geq 1} \tilde{\Phi}_{(m,j,\mu)}^{(v_1, \dots, v_j)} (\tilde{C}_{m+1}^{[m]})^{v_1} \dots (\tilde{C}_{jm+1}^{[m]})^{v_j}$$

Furthermore:

- (i) If  $Z_m(\rho) = 0$  then the ideal generated by  $\tilde{C}_{m+1}^{[m]}, \dots, \tilde{C}_{jm+1}^{[m]}$  is prime ( $\tilde{C}_{jm+1}^{[m]}$  belongs to this ideal).
- (ii) In  $\tilde{C}_{jm+\mu}^{[m]}$  the indeterminates  $C_{jm+2}, \dots, C_{jm+\mu}$  do not appear.
- (iii)  $\tilde{C}_{m+1}^{[m]} = 0, \dots, \tilde{C}_{jm+1}^{[m]} = 0$  (for special values  $C_2, \dots, C_{jm+1}$ ) implies  $\tilde{C}_b^{[m]} = 0$  for all  $b$  with  $2 \leq b \leq (j+1)m$ .